



T.C.
BURSA ULUDAĞ ÜNİVERSİTESİ
YABANCI DİLLER YÜKSEKOKULU

BİREYSEL ÇALIŞMA MERKEZİ

Material Ex/No: 2

SEVİYE TESPİT / MUAFİYET SINAVI

Aşağıdaki cümleleri doğru olarak tamamlayan seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

1. I suppose the meal we had at that restaurant was not so expensive, ____?
a) hadn't we b) did we c) was it d) wasn't it
2. There were a lot of people on ____ sides of the road who are waiting to welcome the Prime Minister.
a) both b) each c) none d) neither
3. A: Hello Mrs Smith. May I get Donald on the phone?
B: Sorry. Donald can't come to the phone because he ____ a shower at the moment.
a) is taking b) takes c) has taken d) took
4. We spent hours looking for ____ hotel that wasn't fully booked, and finally stayed at ____ Rixos.
a) the /- b) a / a c) the / the d) a / the
5. A: We have beef for dinner.
B: Oh! Anna never ____ meat, she ____ a vegan.
a) ate / was b) eats / is c) ate /were d) eats / was
6. A: What happened?
B: I'm tired. We ____ for more than an hour. Let's stop and rest for a while.
a) run b) have been running c) were running d) had run
7. I'm afraid I won't be able to say ____ as I've got ____ opinion about quantum physics.
a) nothing / some b) anything / any c) anything / no d) nothing / few
8. A: Where do your students come from?
B: Most of the students in my classroom ____ from İzmir.
a) have b) are c) is d) has
9. Josephine soon realized that starting one's own business was not ____ easy ____ it might seem.
a) as / as b) so / that c) too / so d) the most / in
10. A: I don't like my new apartment. There is too much noise because of my neighbours.
B: If I ____ in your position, I ____ a new apartment. I hate noisy neighbours.
a) were / would find c) were / found
b) am / find d) am / would find
11. A: What a nice museum! I am really glad to be here.
B: This museum is very popular. It ____ by two million people every year.
a) will visit b) will be visited c) is visited d) visits
12. A: Jason, ____ you ____ to the cinema or theatre in your free time?
B: Generally cinema because I like movies.
a) are / going b) do / go c) were / going d) had /gone
13. As I didn't want ____ to him, I avoided ____ him at the conference.
a) speaking / meet b) to speak / to meet c) to speak / meeting d) speaking / meeting
14. A: Have you decided where to go on holiday this year?
B: Not yet, but we ____ to the same place as we did last year.
a) might go b) would go c) must have gone d) should have gone
15. A: Kelly, how was the film last night?
B: I think the film was ____, but some of my friends got _____. They left the cinema in the first break.
a) interesting / boring c) interested / bored
b) interested / boring d) interesting / bored
16. You ____ so many clothes on holiday. You only wore half of them.
a) must have taken c) shouldn't have taken
b) had better not take d) might not have taken
17. You should keep water in your car when you drive through the desert ____ your car breaks down.
a) in case b) instead of c) so that d) however



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37. I'm _____. I have been cleaning the house all day.
a) exhausted b) thrilled c) delighted d) astonished
38. Be quiet please! My mother is sleeping. She has had a terrible _____. You know that she has been suffering from migraine for years.
a) blister b) cough c) rash d) headache
39. Reporters were not allowed to enter the military zone as it was _____.
a) agreed b) forbidden c) accused d) reported
40. Asthma is a common _____ in which the airways lining the lung become inflamed.
a) diagnosis b) disease c) patient d) recovery
41. The ill man received _____ for the health problems he suffered in the factory.
a) consumer b) compensation c) guarantee d) salary
42. Research _____ that men find it easier to give up smoking than women.
a) considers b) motivates c) indicates d) reminds
43. After the heavy rain, the _____ destroyed the whole village.
a) drought b) flood c) thunder d) fog
44. Brothers and sisters usually have arguments, but they easily _____ because they love each other.
a) make up b) look up c) set off d) go on

Aşağıdaki soruları (45-51) parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The oldest examples of glass we know of are Egyptian, and it is quite probable that the land of the Pharaohs was the original home of glass. The glass of early Egypt, usually opaque and colored, was made in small pieces for purposes of decoration like vases, tiny vessels, or ornamental figures. Many of these glass pieces have been found in tombs which are six thousand years old. The ancient Egyptians knew not only how to make glass, but how to make art from glass pieces. They also used glass to *imitate* precious stones. From *its* earliest years glass has led a double life – one of great usefulness and one of artistic beauty.

45. In its early days, glass was _____.
a) never made in colors c) never useful
b) used to imitate precious stones d) always made in large pieces
46. The word "imitate" means _____.
a) take b) copy c) use d) make
47. We may infer that the Egyptian glass pieces _____.
a) could last a long time c) lasted a few years only
b) have never been found d) were not beautiful
48. Glass has always led a double life because of its _____.
a) age and science c) opaqueness and transparency
b) color and size d) use and art
49. We can infer from the paragraph that the Pharaohs were _____.
a) in Egypt c) modern glass manufacturers
b) precious stones d) dealers in ornamental figures
50. "its" refers to _____.
a) Egyptian b) stones' c) glass' d) tombs'
51. Which statement is not true about glass in early years?
a) People in ancient Egypt used glass to make art.
b) Glass served decorative purposes in ancient Egypt.
c) There were glass pieces in 6000-year-old tombs in Egypt.
d) Ancient Egyptians liked glass just because it was useful.



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Aşağıdaki soruları (52-55) parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

World population is increasing at an alarming rate despite birth control and family planning. It is estimated that by the year 2060, the Earth will have had 10 billion people. Governments, and particularly governments of developing countries, will face major challenges to deal with their growing populations. The first and the most obvious problem is to provide an adequate food supply. Next is to build enough housing. Severe unemployment will also be a problem if new jobs are not created in accordance with the increasing population. The last, and possibly the most important challenge is providing education for everyone.

52. What's the main idea of the paragraph?

- a) Housing might be a serious problem for the world in the future.
- b) Governments will face major challenges to deal with their growing population.
- c) Severe unemployment will also be a problem for many nations of the world.
- d) The most important challenge is providing education for everyone.

53. According to the passage, _____.

- a) unemployment is more important than lack of housing
- b) there will be few developing countries by the year 2060
- c) growing populations will cause worse problems in developing countries
- d) everyone has a right to have free education in developing countries

54. It is implied in the passage that governments _____.

- a) of developed countries should help those of poorer countries
- b) will face four important problems because of growing populations
- c) are generally too bureaucratic to deal with their problems
- d) will need to house 10 billion extra people by the year 2060

55. "adequate" means _____.

- a) more
- b) enough
- c) excessive
- d) limited

Aşağıdaki soruları (61-64) parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The piranha, in spite of its tiny size, is one of the most feared fish in the world. Piranhas live in the Aaron River, have very sharp teeth, and are capable of eating four times their body weight daily. This might not be so bad, but they attack in great numbers. Even the smallest movement, like splashing your hand in the water, is enough to attract 300 piranhas at once. A group attack can transform a live cow into a skeleton in a matter of minutes. When there is nothing else to eat, they will even eat each other.

56. The best title for the paragraph could be _____.

- a) Aaron River
- b) The Most Feared Fish in the World
- c) An attack in Great Numbers
- d) A Live Cow

57. What's the main idea of the paragraph?

- a) The piranha is one of the most feared fish in the world.
- b) Piranhas live in the Aaron River.
- c) Piranhas have very sharp teeth and can eat four times their body weight.
- d) When there is nothing else to eat, piranhas will even eat each other.

58. According to the passage, the piranha _____.

- a) is the world's smallest fish
- b) would not be so bad if it was better understood
- c) has sharp teeth and a large stomach
- d) lives eating its own species

59. The passage tells us that _____.

- a) piranhas are dangerous because many of them attack their prey
- b) a single piranha can eat a cow in a matter of minutes
- c) the average piranha eats four other piranhas every day
- d) piranhas are useless because they are not edible



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Aşağıdaki soruları (56-60) parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Students of English as a foreign language often ask teachers which newspapers to read. They naturally think that reading an English newspaper will be a good way of improving their knowledge of the language. But they are frequently dissatisfied because they cannot understand popular newspapers and think the “quality” newspapers will be even more difficult. Popular newspapers are written for people who haven’t got much time for reading and who, perhaps do not read as fast or enjoy reading as much as people who buy ‘quality’ newspapers. As a result, the editors of popular newspapers try to attract the readers’ attention with *sensational* headlines in big black type. The headlines do not explain the content of the news item underneath. On the contrary, *they* are often designed to confuse the reader so that he will be persuaded to read the item to find out the meaning of the headline! Apart from that, they use double meanings, so a foreign reader is usually confused by them. Editors are also afraid that the readers will not be patient enough to read a long paragraph. Therefore, almost every sentence becomes a paragraph, which is also a disadvantage for the student of English as a foreign language.

60. Students of English as a foreign language want to read English newspapers because _____.

- a) they are disappointed in the difficulty of newspapers
- b) they don’t have much time to read
- c) they think they will improve their language
- d) they want to learn how to get high marks from the exams

61. Which is not mentioned about the people who read popular newspapers?

- a) They do not have much time to read.
- b) They do not enjoy reading very much.
- c) They cannot read very fast.
- d) They are frequently dissatisfied.

62. “sensational” means _____.

- a) ugly
- b) interesting
- c) serious
- d) huge

63. “they” refers to _____.

- a) the readers
- b) the editors
- c) the headlines
- d) the news items

64. Which of the following is not a disadvantage of a popular newspaper?

- a) The sentences have double meanings.
- b) The headlines do not explain the content of the news.
- c) Foreign readers are confused by the headlines.
- d) The headlines are big and black.

Karşılıklı konuşmaların boş bırakılan kısımlarında söylenmiş olabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

65. A: Are these your gloves?

B: No, mine are in my pocket.

A: _____

B: It’s possible. She has a pair of blue ones.

- a) Tell Jill I’ve found a pair of gloves.
- b) Jill thought they were yours.
- c) Whose are they then?
- d) Could they be Jill’s?

66. A: Hello, Jane. Where did you get that beautiful necklace?

B: In the Philippines.

A: _____

B: Well, I was on vacation.

- a) The Philippines is one of the best places to have a holiday
- b) What is the population of the Philippines?
- c) The Philippines? What were you doing there?
- d) The people of the Philippines mostly live in poverty.



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67. A: Hi, Bob, how did the interview go?

B: Hi, Jim. It was fine.

A: What did they ask you about?

B: _____

a) Some of my answers were really good.

b) In fact, I had taken many interviews before.

c) Actually, the interview lasted for about an hour

d) Oh, very different things, but I think, I did well.

68. A: I'm thinking of moving to the city centre.

B: _____

A: Why not?

B: For one thing, you can't afford it. Also, it's much noisier and more stressful.

a) I wouldn't if I were you.

b) That's great! Don't forget to give me your new address.

c) Haven't you asked your parents' idea about it?

d) Take your time before you make up your mind.

69. A: What's the matter with the car?

B: I don't know, but it won't start.

A: _____

B: No, I haven't.

a) Why haven't you taken it to the garage?

b) What have you got in the car?

c) You haven't run out of petrol, have you?

d) You'll have to send it for a mechanic.

70. A: Why aren't you studying?

B: Because I have done my homework.

A: _____

B: I don't have an exam soon.

a) Ok then, you can go on watching TV.

b) Really? Why didn't I see you doing your homework?

c) Then you can start preparing for your exam.

d) It must have taken a long time.

Aşağıda verilen durumlarda söylenebilecek en uygun ifadeyi işaretleyiniz.

71. You are in a shop and are paying for your purchase. It costs 180 liras and you give the shop-assistant a 250 lira note. She only gives you 50 liras change. You say to her:

a) This is a really expensive shop, I won't come here again.

b) Excuse me, but you haven't given me enough change.

c) Could you change this for me? It's the wrong size.

d) Sorry to bother you, but could you lend me 250 liras?

72. Your friend is telling you about a new restaurant he has been to recently. He speaks favourably about it. You realise that you have also been there, however, your opinion was not so good, and you say:

a) I'd like to try it one day as you speak so highly about it.

b) Did you try any of the delicious desserts? They were unbelievable!

c) Well, admittedly the food wasn't too bad, but the service was dreadful.

d) Oh, I know the place. There are lots of pictures on the wall, aren't there?

73. You are waiting at a bus-stop when a foreigner asks another person for directions to the station. The person helps, and you overhear his words. You are certain that the directions are wrong, so you say:

a) Excuse me. Don't you think it's a bit rude to deliberately mislead tourists?

b) Excuse me. I wonder if you could tell me the way to the station, please.

c) Excuse me. I think I was in front of you in this queue.

d) Excuse me. I'm sorry to interrupt but I think you've made a mistake.



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74. You are going away for a month and you ask your friend to look after your plants. She agrees, so you are explaining to her what is needed to do. You say:

- a) Do you mind taking care of my plants for a month?
- b) Don't overwater them, but don't let the soil become dry.
- c) They'll probably die after a week, so just throw them away.
- d) Here are some keys for my flat so you can let yourself in.

75. You went to a party last night, but during the evening you became ill and went home. You are phoning your friend to apologize for your early departure. You say:

- a) Are you feeling better? You looked dreadful when you left.
- b) Thank you so much for the lovely party. I'm sorry we were late.
- c) I'm so sorry but I'm feeling very unwell and I should stay at home.
- d) I'm sorry to have left like that, but I really didn't feel well at all.

76. You're in a swimming pool and the attendant says you must leave as they want to clean the pool. You have only been in for 10 minutes, so you want a refund, and say politely:

- a) I wonder if you could give me my money back, as I haven't been here long.
- b) Excuse me, but would you mind if I came back later this evening?
- c) Could you possibly let me know your opening and closing times in future?
- d) What time is it? I have only been here for 10 minutes.

Aşağıdaki cümleleri en iyi şekilde tamamlayan seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

77. Air pollution in Ankara is a serious problem; _____

- a) however, fumes from cars and factories pollute the air.
- b) therefore, something must be done immediately.
- c) as a result, the air is polluted.
- d) for example, there is air pollution in big cities.

78. _____ because they help to prepare the student for the final examination.

- a) A dictionary is usually a reliable guide to pronunciation
- b) Examinations are given during the term
- c) None of them was adequately prepared
- d) Surely you don't understand the importance of the final

Aşağıdaki paragraflarda anlamı bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

79. (I) The dairy industry has become a big business in many nations. (II) It has developed particularly in Europe and North America. (III) The cow has become an increasingly better milk producer as a result of breed improvements. (IV) Frequently it is supported by government action in the less developed countries. (V) Besides its principal products, fluid milk and cream, it supplies butter, cheese, evaporated and condensed milk to consumers.

- a) II
- b) III
- c) IV
- d) V

80. (I) In India, a lower-middle-class group is steadily emerging. (II) It was a long time before any improvements were made to the systems like transportation, communication. (III) Further, with the arrival of television, the expectations of these people have risen considerably. (IV) Indians are now demanding better education for their children. (V) They are also asking for better roads to facilitate business, and better products and services to make their lives easier.

- a) II
- b) III
- c) IV
- d) V

Aşağıdaki paragrafları en uygun şekilde tamamlayan seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

81. The Spanish are known for their friendliness and joy in living. _____. During the time between midnight and dawn, the streets are often full of people enjoying themselves. They spend most of their time chatting with their friends, drinking wine which comes from their own vineyards. These are not only young people who have fun, but also old people aged between 50 and 60 don't close themselves to their houses. That's why they live longer.

- a) Spain is Europe's third largest country, so getting around can take a lot of time.
- b) Spain has great hotels and restaurants that must be seen in lifetime.
- c) Many visitors to Spain come not only for the beaches, but also they are attracted by its rich cultural heritage.
- d) They commonly use their energy to enjoy their life as much as they can.



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82. There are times when I find almost impossible to read for pleasure. Of course, I read for a living; as an editor for a publishing firm, I spend much of my working day with manuscripts, proofs, newspapers and magazines. Also, many evenings and weekends are consumed by books I have to read in order to keep up. Some of this reading gives me pleasure; _____

- a) therefore, anyone interested in literature had to devote much time to the great classics of the world.
b) yet, it is not the kind of pleasure I once regularly got from literature.
c) obviously, some people seem not have much of a taste for detective and mystery novels.
d) admittedly, editing new books for publication is a job that is really to be done leisurely.

Aşağıdaki cümleleri bir paragraf oluşturacak şekilde sıralayan seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

83. I- Of these, tent camping involves "roughing it" the most, and with proper planning the experience can be gratifying.

II-Depending on an individual's sense of adventure, there are various types of camping to choose from, including log cabin camping, recreational vehicle camping, and tent camping.

III-Even with the best planning, however, tent camping can be an extremely frustrating experience due to uncontrolled factors such as bad weather, wildlife encounters, and equipment failures.

IV- Each year, thousands of people choose to spend their vacations camping in the great outdoors.

- a) III- I- IV- II b) IV- II- I- III c) I- IV- III- II d) IV- I- II- III

84. I- The action caused conflict because smokers felt discriminated against.

II- However, the decision to ban smoking in public places is now a law.

III- In the last two decades, many U.S. cities voted to ban smoking in public areas.

IV- The main reason for doing this was public health.

- a) IV- I- II- III b) III- IV - I- II c) IV- III- II- I d) III- I- II- IV

85. I- Also, they teach citizens to work with the police.

II- There are several positive results of neighbourhood watching programs.

III- The last and most important result is they have dramatically reduced crime in cities and towns across the country.

IV-First, they teach citizens to patrol their neighbourhoods.

- a) II-IV-I-III b) II-IV-III-I c) IV-I-III-II d) IV-I-II-III

Aşağıdaki cümlelere anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

86. The mineral deposits in this area are so deep that it is not economical to mine them.

- a) The only worthwhile minerals in these parts are too deep to be mined.
b) The minerals in this region are close enough to the surface to be economically mined.
c) In these parts, the mineral deposits are too deep to mine to be worthwhile.
d) The mining of minerals, however deep, is a profitable business in this area.

87. The dealer told us that the car was in perfect condition, but we don't know how reliable he is.

- a) If you go to a reliable dealer he will be sure to advise you properly on the condition of a car.
b) You should only buy a used car when you are sure the dealer is reliable.
c) Following the warnings of the dealer, we can't be sure that the car is in the perfect condition.
d) According to the dealer, the car was as good as new, but we can't be sure that he was telling us the truth.

Aşağıdaki cümleleri en uygun şekilde tamamlayan seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

88. _____ most people know that networks measure the success of a television show by its ratings, few know exactly how shows are rated. _____, a rating company installs meters in a few thousand representative homes in a particular area. _____ someone turns on the television set in one of these homes, the meter records the day, time and channel.

- a) Although / First/ When c) Although/ On the other hand / Until
b) However / In addition / When d) To sum up / Also / During



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89. Living in the country is often the secret dream of certain city dwellers that live in the city, _____it has both its advantages and disadvantages. There are many advantages to living in the country. _____, you are much closer to nature and can enjoy more peace and quiet. _____, life in the country is much slower and people tend to be more open and friendly. A further advantage is that there is much less traffic, and as a result it is much safer place to bring up young children.

- a) although / In addition / Whereas
b) but / First of all / Moreover

- c) to sum up / Also /In contrast
d) because / But / Also

90. Tomorrow is going to be a busy day for me. Usually, I get up at seven o'clock in the morning. _____, tomorrow I get up at five o'clock _____ I am going to the gym. _____ I finish at the gym, I am going to work. I usually work at nine o'clock. Tomorrow I start work at eight o'clock.

- a) However / therefore / Yet
b) In spite of / thus / Yet

- c) Actually / yet / After
d) However / because / After

Aşağıdaki soruları (91-100) sırasıyla dinleyeceğiniz üç konuşmacıya göre cevaplayınız İKİ KEZ dinleyeceksiniz.

ANSWER KEY:

1.c	11.c	21.a	31.a	41.b	51.d	61.d	71.b	81.d
2.a	12.b	22.b	32.a	42.c	52.b	62.b	72.c	82.b
3.a	13.c	23.b	33.b	43.b	53.c	63.c	73.d	83.b
4.d	14.a	24.c	34.c	44.a	54.b	64.d	74.b	84.b
5.b	15.d	25.a	35.c	45.b	55.b	65.d	75.d	85.a
6.b	16.c	26.c	36.a	46.b	56.b	66.c	76.a	86.c
7.c	17.a	27.d	37.a	47.a	57.a	67.d	77.b	87.d
8.b	18.a	28.b	38.d	48.d	58.c	68.a	78.b	88.a
9.a	19.b	29.a	39.b	49.a	59.a	69.c	79.c	89.b
10.a	20.b	30.c	40.b	50.c	60.c	70.c	80.a	90.d