



T.C.
BURSA ULUDAĞ ÜNİVERSİTESİ
YABANCI DİLLER YÜKSEKOKULU

BİREYSEL ÇALIŞMA MERKEZİ

Material GR/No: 18

RELATIVE CLAUSES II

A. Complete the sentences with the correct relative pronoun 'who, which, that, whose, where, or Ø'. In some questions there can be more than one answer.

1. The building _____ he lives is very old.
2. The student _____ composition I read writes well.
3. The movie _____ we saw last night wasn't very good.
4. The music _____ we listened to last night was good.
5. I like books _____ have good plots.
6. The report _____ Ayşe is writing must be finished by Friday.
7. Did you hear about the earthquake _____ occurred in Ankara?
8. She lectured on a topic _____ I know very little about.
9. This is the restaurant _____ I will meet you.
10. I know the child _____ bicycle was stolen.
11. The sun, _____ gives us light, is a big star.
12. An architect is a person _____ designs buildings.
13. The town _____ I was born is very beautiful.
14. The students _____ didn't study failed.
15. My uncle _____ is a doctor works in Istanbul.
16. My uncle, _____ is a doctor, works in Istanbul.
17. I know the girl _____ he danced with at the party last Saturday.
18. The woman _____ daughter I helped thanked me.
19. Istanbul, _____ is the biggest city in Turkey, is faced with serious problems.
20. The woman _____ is talking to my friend is my teacher.
21. I know the hospital _____ he works.
22. The lecturer _____ course I am taking is excellent.

ANSWER KEY: A. 1- where 2- whose 3- which/that/ Ø 4- which/that/ Ø
5- which/that 6- which/that/ Ø 7-which/that 8- which/that/ Ø 9- where
10- whose 11- which 12- who/that 13- where 14- who
15- who/that 16- who 17- who/that/Ø 18- whose 19- which
20- that/who 21- where 22-whose



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B. Choose the alternative which completes each sentence.

- 1- Pablo Picasso, _____ works are admired all over the world, was a great Spanish painter.
a) whose b) that c) who d) what
- 2- Turkey, _____ we got married last summer, is the cradle of many ancient civilizations.
a) which b) what c) that d) where
- 3- He is the man _____.
a) I was talking about him c) I was talking about
b) that I was talking about him d) who was talking about
- 4- Students _____ are dismissed from the university.
a) that their grades are poor c) whose grades are poor
b) whose poor grades d) whose poor grades
- 5- The horse _____ the race belongs to a rich man.
a) that it won b) it won c) that it was the winner of d) which won
- 6- I met the woman _____ husband is the president of the corporation.
a) who b) whose c) that d) which

C. Complete the sentences with the correct relative pronoun 'who, which, that, whose, where, or Ø'.

1. The book _____ is on the table belongs to Brandon.
2. The J.K Rowling's new book, _____ I read last month, is closed now.
3. The man _____ you saw in the house is my cousin.
4. Bob, _____ I know very well, is going out with Mary.
5. I cannot forget the song _____ they played last night.
6. The woman _____ is talking to Sue is my aunt.
7. I cannot remember the hotel _____ we stayed.
8. Lucy, _____ I haven't seen for ages, rang me last night.
9. A person _____ you don't trust won't trust you either.
10. Alex, _____ I helped to install his computer, always forgets his password.

ANSWER KEY B. 1. a 2. d 3. c 4. c 5. d 6. b

C. 1. which / that 2. Which 3. who / that 4. who 5. which / that
6. who / that 7. where 8. who 9. who / that 10. who



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D. Combine the sentences using relative clauses. Note that all relative clauses are non-defining.

1. Samuel Johnson was the son of a bookseller. Samuel Johnson was born in 1709.

Samuel Johnson _____

2. In 1728, he went to Oxford. He studied at Pembroke College in Oxford.

In 1728, he went _____

3. Johnson had to leave Oxford without a degree. He was too poor to pay the fees.

Johnson _____

4. In 1737, Johnson moved to London. There he wrote poetry, essays and biographies.

In 1737, Johnson _____

5. In 1746, Johnson started to write his dictionary. It took him nine years to complete.

In 1746, Johnson started _____

6. In this house, his wife died in 1752. Her name was Elizabeth Porter.

In this house his wife _____

7. In 1755, the work was published. It was called A Dictionary of the English Language.

In 1755, the work _____

8. Samuel Johnson died in 1784. He is buried in Westminster Abbey.

Samuel Johnson _____

ANSWER KEY D: 1. Samuel Johnson, who was born in 1709, was the son of a bookseller.

2. In 1728, he went to Oxford, where he studied at Pembroke College

3. Johnson, who was too poor to pay the fees, had to leave Oxford without a degree.

4. In 1737, Johnson moved to London, where he wrote poetry, essays and biographies.

5. In 1746, Johnson started to write his dictionary, which took him nine years to complete.

6. In this house his wife, whose name was Elizabeth Porter, died in 1752.

7. In 1755, the work, which was called A Dictionary of the English Language, was published.

8. Samuel Johnson, who died in 1784, is buried in Westminster Abbey.



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E. Combine the sentences with relative clauses. (Decide whether to use commas or not.)

1. A monk is a man. The man has devoted his life to God.

A monk _____.

2. I have one black cat. His name is Blacky.

I have _____.

3. A herbivore is an animal. The animal feeds upon vegetation.

A herbivore _____.

4. Carol plays the piano brilliantly. She is only 9 years old.

Carol _____.

5. Sydney is the largest Australian city. It is not the capital of Australia.

Sydney _____.

6. We bought a car last week. The car is blue.

The car _____.

7. The girl is a singer. We met her at the party.

The girl _____.

8. The bananas are on the table. George bought them.

The bananas _____.

9. We watched a film last night. It was really scary.

The film _____.

10. I have to learn new words. They are very difficult.

The new words _____.

E. 1. A monk is a man who has devoted his life to God.

2. I have one black cat, whose name is Blacky.

3. A herbivore is an animal that feeds upon vegetation.

4. Carol, who is only 9 years old, plays the piano brilliantly.

5. Sydney, which is not the capital of Australia, is the largest Australian city.

1. The car we bought last week is blue.

2. The girl we met at the party is a singer.

3. The bananas George bought are on the table.

4. The film we watched last night was really scary.

5. The new words I have to learn are very difficult.



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F. Combine the sentences using a relative clause. Use relative pronouns only where necessary. Note that you have to use commas in some of the sentences.

A holiday in Scotland

1. We spent our holiday in Scotland last year. Scotland is in the north of Great Britain.

Last year we _____.

2. People live in Scotland. They are called Scots.

The people _____.

3. We first went to Edinburgh. Edinburgh is the capital of Scotland.

We first _____.

4. Arthur Conan Doyle was born in Edinburgh. He wrote the Sherlock Holmes stories.

Arthur Conan Doyle _____.

5. Then we visited a lake. It is in the Highlands.

The lake _____.

6. Loch Ness is 37 km long. People know it for its friendly monster.

Loch Ness _____.

7. There we met an old man. He told us that he had seen Nessie.

An old man _____.

8. We then travelled to a mountain. The mountain is near the town of Fort William.

We then _____.

9. The mountain is the highest mountain in Great Britain. It is called Ben Nevis.

The mountain _____.

10. I sent you a postcard. It was written on the summit of Ben Nevis.

The postcard _____.

ANSWER KEY: F.1. Last year we spent our holiday in Scotland, which is in the north of Great Britain.

2. The people who live in Scotland are called Scots.

3. We first went to Edinburgh, which is the capital of Scotland.

4. Arthur Conan Doyle, who wrote the Sherlock Holmes stories, was born in Edinburgh.

5. The lake we then visited is in the Highlands.

6. Loch Ness, which people know for its friendly monster, is 37 km long.

7. An old man we met there told us that he had seen Nessie.

8. We then travelled to a mountain which is near the town of Fort William.

9. The mountain, which is the highest mountain in Great Britain, is called Ben Nevis.

10. The postcard I sent you was written on the summit of Ben Nevi.



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G. Write the correct relative pronoun (who, which, whose).

1. This is the bank _____ was robbed yesterday.
2. A boy _____ sister is in my class was in the bank at that time.
3. The man _____ robbed the bank had two pistols.
4. He wore a mask _____ made him look like Mickey Mouse.
5. He came with a friend _____ waited outside in the car.
6. The woman _____ gave him the money was young.
7. The bag _____ contained the money was yellow.
8. The people _____ were in the bank were very frightened.
9. A man _____ mobile was ringing did not know what to do.
10. A woman _____ daughter was crying tried to calm her.
11. The car _____ the bank robbers escaped in was orange.
12. The robber _____ mask was obviously too big didn't drive.
13. The man _____ drove the car was nervous.
14. He didn't wait at the traffic lights _____ were red.
15. A police officer _____ car was parked at the next corner stopped and arrested them.

ANSWER KEY: G.1. which 2. whose 3. who 4. which 5. who 6. who 7. which 8. who 9. whose 10. whose 11. which 12. whose 13. who 14. which 15. whose

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